## During Reading Strategies: Engage Students as they Read

During reading strategies focus students' attention, helps them make connections, and engages them in the text.

- Outlines and Note-taking
- Questioning
- Graphic Organizers
- Cooperative Learning Activities
- Retelling

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## During Reading: Outlines and Annotation

Teachers: Students can use outlines, graphic organizers, and annotations to take notes as they are reading and interacting with the text.

| Paragraphs | Your responses and/or connections |
| :---: | :--- |
| $4-5$ |  |
| 6 |  |
| $8-12$ |  |
| 14 |  |



## Outline for a summary



## During Reading: Two-Column Note-Taking

Teachers: Two-column note-taking allows

## Two Column Note-Taking

headings and related notes as they read. It provides them with a structure to organize their information.

## During Reading: Note-taking: Post-it Note Sheets

Teachers: Provide students with post-it notes and a template paper. The template paper is intended to help students arrange their post-it notes. This note-taking organizer allows students to engage with books as they are recording relevant information. Students can keep the sheet for reference.


## During Reading: Questioning: Levels of Questioning

Teachers: Ask students to engage in varying levels of questioning. Questions can review, restate, emphasize, and/or summarize what is important. Questions stimulate discussion and critical thinking skills.

The Three-Story House

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Level } 1 \text { (he lowest level) requires one to gather information. } \\
& \text { Level } 2 \text { (he middle level) requires one to process the information } \\
& \text { Level } 3 \text { (hhe highest level) requires one to apply the information. }
\end{aligned}
$$




## During Reading: Graphic Organizers

Teachers: As students interact with text, they can use various graphic organizers to take notes and organize their thinking.

Cause and Effect Graphic Organizer

| CAUSE |  | EFFECT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |



Main Idea Graphic Organizer


Problem \& Solution


Making Inferences Graphic Organizer


## During Reading: Note-taking Flip Books

Teachers: Students can record story elements as they read independently or with a partner.


## During Reading: Cooperative Learning Strategy: Jigsaw

Teachers: Jigsaw is a cooperative learning strategy that allows each student to become an expert on a specific topic. Students are put into groups. One student from each group has his/her own topic, and then they meet with other students from other groups who have the same topic, and they work together to decide what is the most
 important information. They then share this summarized information back with their original group to help them develop the same understanding.

## During Reading: Retelling: 3-2-1 Exit Slip

Teachers: Students can respond to an exit ticket at the end of the lesson. This helps them to reflect on the ideas of the text and their learning.

| Student Name : |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Topic/book/text: |  |
| 3 Things you discovered | 1 |
|  | 2 |
|  | 3 |
| Question you still have | 2 |

## Future Learning:

## To learn more, please visit Bookshare's <br> Help and Learning Center!

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